

FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

OLD SERIES—VOL. LI—NO. 2,594.]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1885.

[NEW SERIES—VOL. III.—NO. 114.

"AN REVOIR."

Will death do part—what does that mean
Sweet heart?
I cannot think death's narrow stream can part
Two hearts like ours.
You will be here some day, I know—I, there
But still, I cannot bring my heart to fear
That "little while."
Nearer to think, at last when you shall come
To dwell forever in the Other Home
You'll not be mine.
Are mine in a diviner, truer way,
Than ever earthly feeling love can say:
You're mine—L. H. H.—
I'll perfect comprehension, thine—
Thine—with all high and heavenly feeling—mine
Forever more.
Here, while we love with truest hearts,
We do not always understand the parts
God chose for us.
Something too does within thy spirit lay—
Something within my heart—life's little day
Could not expand.
As when beneath the touch of Love Divine
This light horizon shall no more confine
Our spirit's views—
And hark! earth's dear fetters, we shall bound
The Eternal life—Love will be found
Eternal too.
Children's Day at the White House.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The President and a different element of Washington society to-day from that which he has been accustomed to since March 4. When he went up to his office from breakfast this morning he found the long sweep of lawn in front of the Executive Mansion covered with school children, from the little tottler who required a nurse to attend to his movements to the more mature grammar school boy or girl, and all were provided with Easter eggs. Two small knots are conspicuous features of the south front and for several years when Easter Monday arrived the children of Washington have been accustomed to assemble in the White House grounds and play on the two little slopes leading to it. It is a picnic occasion, and the parents provide many of the children with substantial lunches, as it is understood the children will remain in the grounds until too tired to romp or roll.

It was a pleasant sight which greeted the President, and he manifested his appreciation of the scene by having the windows of his office kept open all day, and when seeking recreation from his duties he stood at the window watching the antics of the party below. The kind of the little men was told who the kind looking gentleman was at the upper window of the mansion, and instantly there was a chorus—

"Oh, my, look at the President! Come here, Jack, the President is up here looking at you." After taking a good look at the little ones would scamper off in search of a new diversion. Visitors to the President to-day remarked how cheerful he was, and it seemed as if the enjoyment of the children in the grounds had proven congenial to the big White House. Children seemed everywhere, regardless of signs of "No admittance," but they did not attempt to go upstairs to the Executive Office. One reason for their refraining was that the ushers on duty told them the President was coming down stairs to see his little friends, and meanwhile he had directed that they should have unobstructed passage of the grounds surrounding the White House. Hitherto the children had been limited to the south grounds.

There has not been such a crowd of children at the White House since it was built, neither has a perfect Easter Monday been witnessed there for several years. It was about 9 o'clock when the advance guard put in an appearance and up to 4 o'clock there were constant accessions. Nowhere else in the United States is Easter celebrated, and the President and his family and guests heartily enjoyed the novel spectacle. Before going to lunch the President decided to hold a levee for the benefit of the little ones, in the East Room, and when he entered this large chamber, about 1 o'clock, the scene presented was very much like an illustration of Gulliver's travels. None of the President's callers were up to his waist and he bowed above them like the fabulous giant of the story books. Some funny scenes were enacted and the President, who is very fond of children, enjoyed the novelty of his situation very much. There was no formality or introduction about this reception, but the host moved through the room saluting and being saluted by his diminutive guests.

One little fellow who scarcely reached the President's knees had a handsomely decorated egg in his right hand. When the Chief Magistrate noticed him and extended his hand the little fellow thought the President wanted his egg, and unhesitatingly placed it in the palm of the President's hand, saying as he did so that he had more in the box. Some of the children, unawed by the presence of the President, chattered away about things in which they were interested, and when they desired to attract the attention of their host they did not hesitate to tug at his coat tails. These presences were all endured patiently by the President and his sister, and the little ones afterwards, in telling their companions about their visit, referred to the nice big gentleman in the White House as having been so kind and funny to them.

While this scene was occurring down stairs there was a large crowd of adults sitting in the ante room and private secretary of the President awaiting the return of the President. At lunch the President and his guests discussed the Easter Monday celebration which they had just witnessed, and there was a unanimous expression of approval of the custom of having the children at the White House. When some one remarked to the President that the little ones might spoil the lawn, he said it could not be spoiled in a better cause than in giving enjoyment to so many thousands. Besides egg-rolling the girls had jumping ropes, and many feats of endurance were witnessed on the sward. The boys wrestled and ran up and down the hills. Some of the more venturesome climbed into the bed of the fountain, which was being repaired. It was Children's Day at the White House in every sense of the word, and they made best of the opportunity.—*New York World.*

OUR PINES AND OTHER TIMBERS.—Mr. Jno. R. McDuffie, who recently removed from Cumberland to Robeson county, writes to the *Baltimore Manufacturers' Record* that, while surveying, in order to make a map of Robeson county:

"I found large quantities of pine, cypress, oak, dog-wood, hickory, ash, poplar, persimmon, sweet gum and black gum, with several other kinds of wood. The most valuable timber is the long-leaf pitch pine, of which there is a vast quantity standing in the forest. If we take the quantity at the lowest estimate of the many lumbermen whom I consulted, there is over \$64,000,000 feet of good mill stock. Of the short leaf variety there are about 2,000,000 feet.

"Next after pine, in respect to quantity, comes the black gum. This timber has never been developed. It cannot be split, not even by lightning! In its green state it is heavy and soft; when seasoned it is the strongest and lightest wood we know of, equaling hickory in strength and surpassing it in lightness. It is especially adapted to the manufacture of tool handles, wagon tongues, coupling poles, &c. It is suitable for making paper pulp. The next timber in value after the pine and next in quantity to the black gum is the cypress, of which there is over 150,000,000 feet. Next comes sweet gum, with over 35,000,000 feet. The black gum and cypress grow in the swamp and wet land. There are several other varieties of timber, such as white oak, live oak, red oak, post oak, beech, ash, elm, hickory, walnut, poplar, maple. These are all in natural soil, and come to perfection in growth and development.

"Robeson county is rich in marble. On Hog swamp and Big swamp it is found in immense deposits, and I am inclined to believe that all the rich swamps are underlaid with this valuable fertilizer."

THE NEWLY APPOINTED JUDGES.—The *Wilson Advance* says: Mr. Connor is a singularly clear headed, clean handed, upright christian gentleman. He will bring to the discharge of his new duties every necessary qualification. The Superior court judges of North Carolina are an ornament to the bench. There is not one of them who is better qualified and better equipped for the responsible and exalted position than Mr. Connor. We congratulate the people on the elevation to the bench of a man whose hands are clean, and on whose record there is not the remotest breath of suspicion.

And the *Charlotte Democrat* says: The appointment of our friend, W. J. Montgomery, Esq., of Concord, as a judge of the Superior court, is a compliment to a studious and hard-working man, who started life "on his own hook," but with a will to succeed. Good habits, economy and hard work will insure prosperity and success, and we beg all boys and youths to remember that. Take care of the hours and the days will take care of themselves—take care of the dimes and the dollars will find without much extra trouble.

MAD FOLKS.—Judging from an article in the *Baltimore Manufacturers' Record* there are some mad people among the high toned members of the New York Club who have been in the habit of coming down to North Carolina in the proper season to shoot ducks in Currituck Sound. It seems that some of them came down recently, built a fine club house and bought a lot or two of land. Much to their surprise they have learned that unless a man is a resident of this State he cannot go out in a boat to shoot ducks. He has to shoot from the shore or not at all. The result has been that the native Currituckians go out in boats on the Sound and bag all the game while the northern claps have to practice up and down the shore and do the best they can at "long tax." A more disastrous lot of duck shooters than those New York sportsmen would be hard to find, and they have any amount of "cuss words" for our Legislature.—*Rail Visitor.*

COLLECTOR OF 4TH DISTRICT.—The Washington correspondent of the *Charlotte Observer* says:

"Since my telegram of Saturday-night I feel warranted in the statement that the compromise bill to be effected on this basis: Mr. Battle gives way, and Col. Yarborough is appointed collector of the fourth district. Mr. Battle will be inspector, the place now filled by O. H. Blocker, of Fayetteville. The salary is \$7 per day, or about \$2,000 a year.

TILDEN'S RESIDENCE.—The Greystone building, which is the country residence of Mr. Tilden, contains ninety-nine rooms, and has an outlay of four hundred feet. One cannot imagine any congenity between the bachelorhood of Mr. Tilden and a house with ninety-nine rooms, but a man likes to leave a sign behind him to remind people that he was once able to show his head above ground.

COLOR OF FLOWERS.—Yellow primroses, planted in a rich soil, have been changed by the use of charcoal, to a brilliant purple. And so charcoal is found to add great brilliancy and beauty to the color of dahlias, roses, petunias, &c. Carbonate of soda reddens pinks and hyacinths; and phosphate of soda changes the color of many familiar flowers.

FAST TIME.—The time from New York to Charlotte is now only 22 hours and fifty minutes. The New York papers of this morning reach here a little after midnight to night. Good work for the Richmond & Danville Railroad and its connections.

DRUMMER'S LICENSE.

Circular Issued by Treasurer Bain.

The following section of "An Act to raise revenue," ratified March 11th, 1885, is published for the information of all persons to whom it applies, and Sheriffs and other officers in the State, who have authority to prosecute for penalties under its provisions:

SECTION 28, SCHEDULE B, OF "AN ACT TO RAISE REVENUE."
SECTION 28. Every person acting as a drummer in his own behalf, or as an agent for another person or firm, who shall sell or attempt to sell goods, wares, or merchandise of any description by wholesale, with or without samples, shall, before soliciting orders or making any such sales, pay to the State Treasurer a tax of one hundred dollars and obtain a license, which shall operate one year from its date, and shall be exempt from any other license tax, either State, county, city or town. The tax on each license for selling or offering to sell any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors by wholesale, in the manner prescribed in this section, shall be two hundred dollars, and no tax on said license shall be imposed by any county, city or town government. This section shall not apply to any person who sell only wines of his own manufacture. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars, or imprisoned not less than ninety days, said fine to be collected by distress or otherwise, one-half of which shall be accounted for as other taxes, the other half to the use of the officer making the arrest. It shall be the duty of all county and township bonded officers to prosecute for penalties under this section. A willful failure to institute such prosecution shall be a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be removed from his office. Any Justice of the Peace or the Mayor in any city or town shall have power to make arrests under this section, and collect the fine and penalty. One-half of said penalty shall be paid to the Sheriff, to be accounted for as other taxes, and the other half shall be paid to the officer in making the arrest. The licenses issued under this section shall not be transferable, but may be used by an agent in the service of the principal, and not by more than one person at a time, and shall be in the possession of the person while doing business under this section in this State to secure his protection.

The section applies to residents and non-residents.
There are no exemptions in the law, as to classes of business, except in cases of persons who sell only wines of their own manufacture, but the section relieves persons taking out this license from any other tax, either State, county, city or town, except where articles are sold by retail, in which case the person must pay a peddler's tax in each county.
The tax on a license for selling, or offering to sell, liquors under this section, is two hundred dollars.
A license with the new section accompanying it, will be issued at this office upon the payment of the proper tax. The license is not transferable, and must be in the possession of the party while prosecuting his business, either for himself or as agent, to secure his protection.
The license will operate one year from its date, and cannot be issued for a shorter time than one year.
It can be used by only one person at a time. Every person or house employing more than one agent at the same time, must procure a license for each agent, and a person cannot act for more than one house under one license.
The license must, in every instance, be taken out in the name of the firm doing business. In making application for a license, be particular to state in what kind of business engaged.
The attention of Sheriffs and other officers is particularly called to the following paragraph in section 28:

"It shall be the duty of all county and township bonded officers to prosecute for penalties under this section. A willful failure to institute such prosecution shall be a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be removed from his office."

No duplicate license will be issued except where conclusive proof has been furnished that the original was lost or destroyed, and only then upon an affidavit sworn to before an officer empowered to administer oaths, with his seal of office attached, setting forth to the satisfaction of the State Treasurer, all the circumstances connected with the loss of said license.
It is enjoined on the Sheriffs and other authorized officers to use proper diligence and legal measures in preventing a violation of this law; and in the examination of a license officers should notice its date.

D. W. BAIN,
State Treasurer.

Secretary Lamar is the surprise of the Cabinet. Everybody knew of his ability, his accomplishments, his integrity, his large brain, his cultivation. But it was thought he lacked a grasp of business details. He turns out to be a model executive officer, active, diligent and well posted in all the affairs of his department.

Astronomer M. C. Flannery, of Kendall, Orleans County, N. Y., has gone far ahead of Proctor and the rest of the family in his ability to see through things celestial, since he declares that the moon is a semi-transparent body, and that he can look not only through his telescope, but through the moon.

Little speckled trout come up with the water of the artesian wells in the vicinity of Austin Nev., from a depth of 260 feet.—*San Francisco Alta.*

Michigan gone Democratic by 10,000.

State News.

High Point is expecting to have a Bank established there.
It is reported that the schedule on the R. & D. R. R. will be changed.
Attorney General Garland's father and mother were from North Carolina.
There will be no Normal at Chapel Hill this summer.
A railroad from Goldsboro to Snow Hill is spoken of by the Goldsboro capitalists.
Many of the colored people in this section appear to be determined to move to Arkansas next fall.—*Robesonian.*

An exchange says that 500 acres of beans will be planted at Faison.
Is it not business?
We learn that Dr. W. P. Mallett, of Chapel Hill, will move to Durham for the practice of his profession.
Additional Normal schools were established by the Legislature at Washington, Winston, Asheville and Boone.
The trustees of the State University are making preparations for a complete renovation and increase of the library. Donations of books will be thankfully received.
The Young's successor may be named this week. Postmaster Nichols holds on until June, when his term expires. Messrs. Ransom and Skinner worked hard for Jarvis.—*News and Observer.*

The question of the division of the North Carolina Conference is being discussed vigorously through the columns of the *Advocate and Advance*, the church papers.
Col. W. T. Blackwell has under consideration the purchase of the Exposition building at Raleigh, and will have it torn down and erected on his Fair Grounds near Durham.—*Durham Plant.*

The Clayton *Bad* says there were 1,200 mortgages and deeds probated from December 1st, 1882 to March 12th, 1884, and from December 1st, 1884 to March 12th, 1885, there were 1,330 probated. An increase of 130 in the space of a little over three months.

The Greensboro *Workman* says Mr. Alex. Wilson, of Morganton, and Mr. Wrightsall Avery, of Mcbaneville, are going into the manufacturing of furniture out of wild cherry which grows abundantly in the mountain section.

Dr. A. B. Nobles itemizes the expense of cultivating fifty acres in cotton. Last year it cost him \$1,767.09. For the crop (seventy-five bales of cotton and 1,900 bushels cotton seed) he realizes \$3,249. His clear profit was \$1,482.—*Zarboro Southerner.*

The coroner's inquest into the circumstances attending the death on Friday night, near the turnpike in Buncombe county, twelve miles from Asheville, of J. P. Joyce and his daughter Margaret, her child and Miss Mary Rice, has revealed the startling fact that the whole family was first murdered and the house subsequently set on fire to conceal the crime.

We are glad to see that that excellent paper, the Asheville *Citizen*, will be issued Daily. The Editor says:
It has been our purpose to issue *The Daily Citizen* so soon as the several railroads, centering at Asheville, should approach completion; and now that we are "in sight" of this grand result, so long hoped and worked for by us, we deem the time propitious for such an undertaking. Therefore, on or about the 13th, we will venture upon a daily edition of the *Citizen*.

IMPORTANT MEDICAL MEETINGS.—The Medical Society of North Carolina will hold its next annual meeting in Durham on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 19th, 20th and 21st of May.
The Board of Medical Examiners will convene at the same place on Monday, the 18th, and remain in session until all candidates are examined.
The North Carolina Board of Health will hold a general session and joint session on the 20th May, Wednesday. An election to supply the places of two members of the Board whose service has expired will take place on the 20th May.
For further information address the secretaries of the different bodies, as follows: Dr. W. C. Morphy, Secretary Medical Society of North Carolina, South Washington.
Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy, Secretary Board of Examiners, Wilmington.
Dr. Thomas F. Wood, Secretary Board of Health, Wilmington.—*N. C. Medical Journal.*

THE NEGRO EXODUS.—The *Charlotte Observer* says: Those who do not believe that the colored exodus to Kansas amounts to anything should have seen the gang at the Trade street depot a few days ago, waiting to take the train for the West. There were just one hundred souls in the party, representing all ages, the children, however, predominating. It was a curious crowd, to be sure. They arrived here on the Carolina Central train early in the morning, and had to wait at the depot for the 3 o'clock next morning, and even before their time was half out all the depot men were pretty near crazy.

A LITTLE MATTER OF HUMAN NATURE.—The boy whose hair is cut by his mother seldom takes off his hat when there are any girls around.—*New York Journal.*

The Washington Monument was struck by lightning three times last week.

VARIETY STORE.

MRS. JOHN SHAW BEGS TO INFORM her friends and the public generally that she has just opened in the office recently occupied by Dr. John Shaw, a store for the sale of

Notions and General Varieties, Notions, Confectionery, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Toilet Articles and a number of 10 Cent Goods, as well as a great many other articles too numerous to name, will be constantly on hand. The public are requested to examine these goods, which will be cheerfully shown to all who desire, and satisfaction guaranteed both in price and quality.
April 2, 1885. 112-4t

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE HOUSE ON PERSON STREET AT present occupied by Mr. A. H. Slocum, containing eight rooms, five places in each house, newly built and in first class condition. Neighborhood excellent, water and all conveniences on the premises. Possession given in thirty days. Apply to T. J. GREEN. 111-4t

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING BEEN THIS DAY DULY QUALIFIED as administrator of the estate of John Shaw, deceased, the undersigned hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them on or before March 30th, 1885, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.
All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.
H. W. LILLY, Adm'r of John Shaw, dec'd. 112-6t

Sheriff's Sale.

ON MONDAY the 4th day of May, A. D. 1885, I will sell at the Court House door in the town of Fayetteville, to the highest bidder, for cash, three tracts of Land in Cumberland county, containing about 250 acres, and bounded as follows: In Black River Township adjoining the lands of Williams and others, known as the "Sandy M. Stewart land," to satisfy an execution in my hands for collection against S. M. Stewart, and which has been levied on said land as the property of said S. M. Stewart.
NEILL MCQUEEN, Sheriff. 113-4t

Sheriff's Sale.

ON MONDAY, the 4th day of May, A. D. 1885, I will sell at the Court House door in the town of Fayetteville, to the highest bidder, for cash, three tracts of Land in Cumberland county, bounded as follows:
1st Tract—150 acres on the C. F. & Y. V. Railway, Cross Creek and Wolf-Swamp, bounded as in deed recorded in Book V. No. 3, page 11.
2nd Tract—One Lot on north side of Cherry street, in Fayetteville, adjoining Lomack and others; said lot being known as "The Beebe Lot." See deed in Book "2," page 130.
3rd Tract—About 25 acres, being lot No. 4 of the D. M. Melvin land. See deed, Book "2," No. 3, page 302, from Thomas Melvin and wife to W. D. Smith, to satisfy certain executions in my hands for collection against W. D. Smith and J. M. Smith, and which has been levied on said land as the property of said W. D. Smith and J. M. Smith.
NEILL MCQUEEN, Sheriff. 113-4t

Commissioner's Sale of Town Property.

BY VIRTUE of a decree of Cumberland Superior Court, I, as Commissioner appointed by said court, will on the 9th day of May, 1885, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House in Fayetteville, expose at sale by public auction the house and lot, viz: beginning at Christlunas northeast corner on the creek, then along his line 31 feet, thence along Old Street 74 feet, thence parallel with Christlunas or first described line 76 feet to the creek, thence up the creek to the beginning. Described in deed for the same, registered in Book E. No. 3, page 99.
Terms of sale—fourth cash, balance on credit of six months, bond with approved security. Title retained until paid.
B. C. GORHAM, Commissioner. 113-4t

PLOWS! PLOWS! PLOWS!

OFFER FOR SALE A FULL LINE OF Plows and plow Castings, consisting of Whites 35, 50 and 48; N. Y. Plow Co. 35, 40, 50, 10, A6 and M6.
Boy Dixie and X Dixie, Atlas, Stonewall and White's Turning and Cotton Plow.
I call especial attention to the

BOY DIXIE PLOW

as a turning plow. At the price it is sold for, there is no plow to equal it.
If you want a plow that will do all the work necessary in cotton farming, buy

WHITE'S COMBINED PLOW

Call and see them. Will make prices to suit.
CHARLES HAIGH, No. 18 and 20, Hay St. 105-1f

FOR SALE.

ONE FINE HARNESS AND SADDLE HORSE 3 years old. Also two fine MILCH COWS with calves one month old.
For terms apply to W. A. ROBESON. 109-1f

CALL AT SEDBERRY'S AND BUY BUIST'S FRESH Garden Seeds.

MOTTO:
New and Fresh or None.
Jan'y 8, 1885 100-1f

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF LAND.

By virtue of a decree of Cumberland Superior Court, I, as Commissioner appointed by said Court, will, on

Saturday, April 25th, 1885, at 11 o'clock, at the MARKET HOUSE in FAYETTEVILLE, expose to sale, by public auction for cash,
114 Acres of Land in Carver's Creek Township adjoining the lands of King, Ray and others, being the northern part of "THE HARGROVE PLACE," as decided by D. McD. Boile and wife to Marian Baker.
GEO. M. ROSE, Commissioner. Fayetteville, N. C., March 17th, 1885. 112-4t

Executors Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED having this day been duly qualified in the Superior Court of Cumberland county, as the Executor of the will of John Lindsay, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them on or before March 3, 1885.
All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment.
D. McDUGGALL, Ex'r of John Lindsay. Fayetteville, N. C., March 3, 1885. 108-4t

GARDEN SEEDS.

LANDRETH'S NEW CROP GARDEN SEEDS.
A full supply received and for sale by S. J. HINSDALE. 90-1f

JAS. R. McNEILL & SON,

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The book is too well known to need reproduction of tributes to its excellence. Mr. Stephens had peculiar qualifications for his work. He was a statesman, identified with more than half a century of national growth and personally familiar with all of the men who have made their mark on the country's history during that period. His mind was essentially philosophical, and his writings are not mere dry details of events. He was a prominent actor in the most exciting and important scenes of our history, and wrote from personal observation and mature experience. He was a sincere and steadfast lover of truth.
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OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

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RATES OF ADVERTISING: Advertisements will be inserted for \$1.00 per square inch for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion. For advertising for any space or time by contract, apply to the office of the Observer, or by correspondence.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. J. W. ATKINS—Notice. J. S. EVANS & Co.—Notice. J. S. EVANS & Co.—Notice. J. S. EVANS & Co.—Notice. J. S. EVANS & Co.—Notice.

ABOUT TOWN. Don't forget the "Pounding" at the Home and Hospital this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

THANKS.—The Ladies' Working Society of the M. E. Church most respectfully thank the Fayetteville Cornet Band and Mr. D. H. Bell for their kindness and assistance at their dinner party Friday evening April 10th.

DELEGATES TO THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.—At a meeting of the Vestry of St. John's Church the following gentlemen were elected to represent the Parish in the Convention, to be held at Kingston, May 1st, 2nd and 3rd.

DELEGATES TO THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.—At a meeting of the Vestry of St. John's Church the following gentlemen were elected to represent the Parish in the Convention, to be held at Kingston, May 1st, 2nd and 3rd.

DEATH OF DR. THEODORE MARTINE.—A telegram was received here Tuesday morning from the son of Dr. Theodore Martine, of New York, N. Y., saying: "Father died this morning (13th) of apoplexy." This sad, but timely announcement, will bring to mind many reminiscences of one who spent his boyhood days, and many years of his manhood life here, for here he was born and raised, and here for several years he practiced his profession.

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Heel" churches. Dr. Hill's pulpit will be filled by the Rev. James Colton.

About 125 convicts went down the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway a day or two ago to fill up different trestles along the line. Col. Thor, Jones and Capt. Gilmer have charge of the work and men.

Mr. Matthew Johnson has added a second story to his residence in the western part of the city. When the ornamental work, tin roof, &c., are put on, and the building neatly painted, Mr. Johnson will have a house as handsome as it is comfortable.

Messrs. Callais, McKay and others, in the same neighborhood, have put up neat fences and generally improved their surroundings, and so the march of improvement goes steadily on.

The Rev. H. S. McDuffie, the Rector of St. Joseph's (colored) Episcopal church, has begun the building of a tasty and commodious dwelling on what is known as the old "Rowan" lot on the Western end of Rowan street, nearly opposite the "Robinson" house, owned by Mr. D. A. Ray. The Rowan lot was once a famous place, on it stood the fine residence of Mr. Rowan, after whom the street was named afterwards by Mr. W. B. Groves, a prominent citizen in his day and generation.

We would respectfully call the attention of our city Council to the fact that as long as fish are sold at the Market House near the pavement, crowds will assemble and render it difficult for the marshal to keep the pavements clear. If some place could be fixed on for a fish market, it would be much pleasant for the public, and their olfactory would escape annoyance.

A few days ago two little negro boys were playing with a pistol, when it was accidentally discharged, and the ball entered near the corner of the left eye of one of the boys by the name of Jas. Kelly. Fortunately the cartridge was of the kind known as parlor cartridges, and had but small force. The ball was extracted, and the prospects are that the sight of the boy's eye will not be impaired.

Many of the robins, snipe and other migratory birds that disappeared ten days ago from our fields and swamps, have returned, driven south by the severe weather North.

The Base Ball fever has begun among the boys.

For the first time in many years apple and peach trees have blossomed about the same time.

The effects of the free bridge were plainly to be seen last Saturday. All day long a steady stream of vehicles passed over the bridge, either going to or returning from town. Trade was very perceptibly improved. It showed that a free bridge as well as freedom, is a thing to be enjoyed.

Since the bridge is free our stay-at-home town people can have an opportunity of seeing the improvements on the other side of the Cape Fear.

This spring has certainly been a strange and variable one, warm, almost summer days, have been suddenly followed by winter blasts and frequent snow falls, within the last ten days, although near the middle of April we have had slight snow and heavy frosts and ice. Last Friday about 12 M., a few flakes of snow fell, and at Raleigh and Greensboro there was a snow of several inches.

On Monday of this week there was quite a snow in Winston and Salem, even here a few flakes fell, Sunday and Monday nights there was heavy frosts and some ice which we fear has seriously damaged the fruit prospects. Gardens and farming pursuits have been much delayed by the severe weather.

We heard an elderly gentleman remark a few days ago that more stores and dwellings had been built in Fayetteville in the past eighteen months than there had been (altogether) in the thirty-five years previous.

Last Thursday night the denizens of our quiet city were alarmed by the strange ringing of one of the church bells. It was not the usual ringing for service, nor was it the alarm of fire. What it meant was the question, The sounds were as if caused by a quick impatient hand anxious to get through and quit, or to cause people to come and see what that ringing was about. The latter effect was quickly produced, some twenty or more people sealed the church fence, among them the Town Marshal, and night watchman. All was dark at the church, no lights to be seen, doors closed, while up in the tower "laug dang—laug dang" went the bell continuously; turning the knob, one of the doors was opened, no voices were heard, or light seen. Suddenly it flashed on our city guardians that a crazy man had been seen at large in the vicinity, and doubtless he was the ringer. You go up the right hand steps Frank, and I will go up the left, if he shows fight knock him down with your club. All right. With cautious tread the bell was entered and there was discovered, who? Why, one of the staid pillars of the church who was simply letting the tardy members of the congregation know that the hour was at hand for an important meeting, which fact they seemed to have forgotten. The bell ringing stopped, and amid laughter and jokes the amateur ringer descended from his lofty position. While our Elderly brother may not be an adept at ringing church bells, it does not prove he may not ring well another bell.

The recent Legislature passed an act to protect the travelling public against drunkenness. The agents of public carriers have power hereafter to refuse to sell a ticket to any drunken man; and also the conductors of such carriers have power to prevent any intoxicated person from getting on any railroad train, steamboat, &c., even though he has a ticket. Any drunken person who shall board a train, boat, &c., against the protest of its conductor commits a misdemeanor.

This will afford much needed relief to the travelling public, and save trouble to railroad conductors and steamboat captains; for it is much less annoying to refuse to sell tickets to intoxicated persons, or allow them to come on board than to have to put them off.

The law arranging the new Judicial Districts does not go into effect until the first of

July next. The nine Districts and nine Judges stand as they are until fall courts open. Judge MacRae spent a few days with us last week, he holds court in Robeson this week. Judge Avery will preside at the court to be held here in May; after that the law arranging the new Judicial Districts will be in effect in this county; and Judge MacRae, the Judge of the Seventh, will hold court in Cumberland.

TOKAY.—The Editor of the Bennettsville Sunday Morning Chronicle, who visited Tokay recently when in Fayetteville, has this to say of Tokay, while urging his people to plant vines:

"Tokay vineyard, near Fayetteville, N. C., owned by Congressman Green, is the largest this side of California, embracing a farm of over 125 acres. This vineyard is situated in the sand hill section of Cumberland and is planted in a soil resembling that of our own North Marlboro. Aside from the vines which now flourish on the land, it would only be worth about one dollar per acre. Col. Green informed us that lands of this kind were indeed the only land that would produce in any great abundance all varieties of grapes. He furthermore says that the entire South Atlantic coast region, even inland, to the distance of 100 miles is especially adapted to grape culture. We asked him what labor was necessary upon the grape farm. He says that almost the same work as that on a regular corn and cotton plantation, though not so much. The vines require plowing and fertilizing regularly every year.

They furthermore require pruning by experienced hands or some one who understands the business. The grapes are gathered in a similar manner to the cotton crop. Does grape growing pay? We have only to refer to Tokay. In the vineyard of this vineyard there are now stored away barrels and casks containing not less than 40,000 gallons of choice wines, which at the low price of \$1.00 per gallon is worth \$40,000. What proportion of this wine is four years old we were not informed, but the proprietor will not sell wines until they have attained the age of 4 years. 'Tis true, Col. Green is one of the wealthiest men in North Carolina. And while no farmer perhaps in this country is able to plant and keep up such a grape farm or vineyard, yet they are able to plant and keep a smaller farm and which will pay equally as well in proportion. One acre in grapes will pay the owner if worked right, more than 30 acres in cotton. A great many will say, we can't lose the use of the land for the time being planting the vines and bearing. That is just the idea in grape growing. They are required to be planted on land that is fit for nothing else. The poorest soil that will produce nothing else will produce fine grapes.

WHAT NORTH CAROLINA NEEDS.—Prof. Chas. W. Dabney, of the Agricultural Experiment Station, in a letter to R. V. Gaines, Esq., of Virginia, says:

We need more manufacturers of all kinds, and we should begin by manufacturing what we can use at home from our abundant crude material. We can begin with the simplest manufactures, like those of our woods, for instance. Why buy all our buckets, baskets, kitchen utensils, and most of our dairy utensils, with many of our farm wooden implements, from the North and West? The establishment of manufactures will increase the prices paid for all the products of the farm, and give remunerative labor to all the idle hands. The greatest good the factories do is in giving employment to the boys, girls and single women. Unproductive labor, which constitutes over one half the burdens of every community, is thus changed into productive labor. Manufactures are thus the key to the situation we seek; manufactures, first, of food product, wood, iron, and all the other most accessible crude materials, to be followed by the more refined arts in due time. These manufactures will give employment to the idle brains and idle hands, thus keeping them at home, and converting their lives, otherwise a burden, into productive lives.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this Quarterly Conference, and that these resolutions be read, and also, our confidence in the great and noble night of God through which they are now passing, devoutly hoping they may realize that God is a father to the fatherless, and a husband to the widow.

S. D. ADAMS, P. E.
G. A. THOMSON, Sec'y.
Raleigh "Christian Advocate" copy.

MARRIED. WETMORE—BANNER.—At Bonner Elk, W. Va., on county, N. C., Wednesday evening, April 15th, 1885, by the Rev. James A. Weston, the Rev. GEORGE BADGER WETMORE, D. D., to Miss PATRICIA HALEN, daughter of the late Lewis H. Banner, Esq.

DIED. TEW.—At the residence of Mr. James Jackson, in Dismal township, on the 30th of March, of pneumonia, Mr. PHILIP TEW, aged about 61 years.

McMILLAN.—In Plea Hill township, Cumberland county, on the 24th ult., at the residence of Mr. Osborn Hawley, his son-in-law, Mr. DANIEL McMILLAN, an advanced aged man, 85 years, and a valuable citizen, who served well his day and generation. Rev. Dr. Hill, of Fayetteville, preached the funeral from St. Luke II, 29, 30: Lord now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace according to thy word: For mine eyes have seen thy salvation.

BOLTON.—In this county, on the evening of April 11th, PETER BOLTON, Sr., aged 72 years. His death was sudden and unexpected, yet we have reason to believe that he was not unprepared for the summons. He had been for several years a member of the Methodist church, and he

possessed the characteristics of a meek and quiet christian. He was an affectionate husband and father, and a kind and obliging neighbor. He leaves a large family to mourn their loss. A large concourse of people showed their respect and friendship for him by attending his funeral at St. Andrews church, where a very appropriate sermon was preached by the Rev. J. H. Hall.

"Why mourn departed friends
Or shake at death's alarms,
It is the voice that Jesus sends
To call us to his arms."
A FRIEND.

SPECIAL NOTICES. THE GREATEST ENEMY TO CHILDREN is worms. Shirner's Indian Vermifuge will save them from ruin if used according to directions.

"EVERYBODY'S PILLS" are not a Patent Medicine. They are very much like the Compound Cathartic Pill of the U. S. Pharmacopoeia. They make a mild and certain Cathartic—acts on the liver and bowels, and give certain relief. 114-3t

If you are bilious, with headache and bad taste in your mouth, take two of "EVERYBODY'S PILLS" at night, for two or three nights. They act on the liver and bowels and give certain relief. 114-3t

Try Now to Catch on in Good Time! It may rain and it may shine, but the Drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery goes on every Tuesday of each month. On March 10th, at the 178 Drawing, fortune rewarded her votaries in this fashion: the first prize, \$75,000, went to No. 85,247, in one ticket at \$5 to Geo. A. Spent, a clerk in Hay City, Mich.; the second of \$25,000 to No. 81,954, sold in fifties at \$1 each; one to Henry L. Schmidt, a butcher, opposite the M. & T. R. R. Depot, collected through the Bank of Commerce, New Orleans, La.; another to Hugh Neil, Mayfield, Ky., collected through the Manhattan Bank of Memphis, Tenn.; and the other fifty elsewhere. The third of \$10,000 to No. 240, sold in fifties at \$1 each, was made up to L. Labod, both of Francisco, etc.; until over \$265,000 was scattered where it would do most good. The whole thing goes over again on May 12th, at the 18th Grand Drawing. Write to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La., on application will give full information. Try now to catch on in time.

My Crutches Gone. I have suffered from rheumatism for seven or eight years. For one year I was compelled to use crutches. I tried various remedies, especially electro-magnetism, but none of them did me any good. I saw in the newspapers an advertisement of Swift's Specific for rheumatism, and resolved to try it. I have taken four bottles. After the first bottle I was enabled to throw away my crutches. I commenced using Swift's Specific last November, and have had no further use for crutches, and only suffer a little at times when I do not have my crutches. I had continued to take the medicine. My experience with liniments is that they are of but little benefit, and that they temporarily. The disease is in the blood, and must be purified. I took S. S. S. It is the best blood purifier I ever used. Benton, Ark., Feb. '85. MRS. MARY PARK.

The Youngest Can Use It. My child, when about one month old, was afflicted with a dreadful breaking out on the side of his face. I took him to the doctor who did not think there was much to be done, but the child continued to grow worse. The little fellow was suffering so much and was so fretful that we had almost given up. We consulted other physicians and they all said they could not do anything for the little sufferer. I tried everything at hand or that I could hear of, but without the desired effect. About this time I saw an advertisement of S. S. S. I was recommended to try it for skin diseases. I purchased four bottles. The first bottle did a great deal of good. After the third bottle the disease entirely disappeared, and the child is now perfectly well. I would recommend S. S. S. as a household remedy, as it has brought both health and happiness to my own.

CHAS. W. SAMUEL, Druggist, 114-3t, 115-3t, 116-3t, 117-3t, 118-3t, 119-3t, 120-3t, 121-3t, 122-3t, 123-3t, 124-3t, 125-3t, 126-3t, 127-3t, 128-3t, 129-3t, 130-3t, 131-3t, 132-3t, 133-3t, 134-3t, 135-3t, 136-3t, 137-3t, 138-3t, 139-3t, 140-3t, 141-3t, 142-3t, 143-3t, 144-3t, 145-3t, 146-3t, 147-3t, 148-3t, 149-3t, 150-3t, 151-3t, 152-3t, 153-3t, 154-3t, 155-3t, 156-3t, 157-3t, 158-3t, 159-3t, 160-3t, 161-3t, 162-3t, 163-3t, 164-3t, 165-3t, 166-3t, 167-3t, 168-3t, 169-3t, 170-3t, 171-3t, 172-3t, 173-3t, 174-3t, 175-3t, 176-3t, 177-3t, 178-3t, 179-3t, 180-3t, 181-3t, 182-3t, 183-3t, 184-3t, 185-3t, 186-3t, 187-3t, 188-3t, 189-3t, 190-3t, 191-3t, 192-3t, 193-3t, 194-3t, 195-3t, 196-3t, 197-3t, 198-3t, 199-3t, 200-3t, 201-3t, 202-3t, 203-3t, 204-3t, 205-3t, 206-3t, 207-3t, 208-3t, 209-3t, 210-3t, 211-3t, 212-3t, 213-3t, 214-3t, 215-3t, 216-3t, 217-3t, 218-3t, 219-3t, 220-3t, 221-3t, 222-3t, 223-3t, 224-3t, 225-3t, 226-3t, 227-3t, 228-3t, 229-3t, 230-3t, 231-3t, 232-3t, 233-3t, 234-3t, 235-3t, 236-3t, 237-3t, 238-3t, 239-3t, 240-3t, 241-3t, 242-3t, 243-3t, 244-3t, 245-3t, 246-3t, 247-3t, 248-3t, 249-3t, 250-3t, 251-3t, 252-3t, 253-3t, 254-3t, 255-3t, 256-3t, 257-3t, 258-3t, 259-3t, 260-3t, 261-3t, 262-3t, 263-3t, 264-3t, 265-3t, 266-3t, 267-3t, 268-3t, 269-3t, 270-3t, 271-3t, 272-3t, 273-3t, 274-3t, 275-3t, 276-3t, 277-3t, 278-3t, 279-3t, 280-3t, 281-3t, 282-3t, 283-3t, 284-3t, 285-3t, 286-3t, 287-3t, 288-3t, 289-3t, 290-3t, 291-3t, 292-3t, 293-3t, 294-3t, 295-3t, 296-3t, 297-3t, 298-3t, 299-3t, 300-3t, 301-3t, 302-3t, 303-3t, 304-3t, 305-3t, 306-3t, 307-3t, 308-3t, 309-3t, 310-3t, 311-3t, 312-3t, 313-3t, 314-3t, 315-3t, 316-3t, 317-3t, 318-3t, 319-3t, 320-3t, 321-3t, 322-3t, 323-3t, 324-3t, 325-3t, 326-3t, 327-3t, 328-3t, 329-3t, 330-3t, 331-3t, 332-3t, 333-3t, 334-3t, 335-3t, 336-3t, 337-3t, 338-3t, 339-3t, 340-3t, 341-3t, 342-3t, 343-3t, 344-3t, 345-3t, 346-3t, 347-3t, 348-3t, 349-3t, 350-3t, 351-3t, 352-3t, 353-3t, 354-3t, 355-3t, 356-3t, 357-3t, 358-3t, 359-3t, 360-3t, 361-3t, 362-3t, 363-3t, 364-3t, 365-3t, 366-3t, 367-3t, 368-3t, 369-3t, 370-3t, 371-3t, 372-3t, 373-3t, 374-3t, 375-3t, 376-3t, 377-3t, 378-3t, 379-3t, 380-3t, 381-3t, 382-3t, 383-3t, 384-3t, 385-3t, 386-3t, 387-3t, 388-3t, 389-3t, 390-3t, 391-3t, 392-3t, 393-3t, 394-3t, 395-3t, 396-3t, 397-3t, 398-3t, 399-3t, 400-3t, 401-3t, 402-3t, 403-3t, 404-3t, 405-3t, 406-3t, 407-3t, 408-3t, 409-3t, 410-3t, 411-3t, 412-3t, 413-3t, 414-3t, 415-3t, 416-3t, 417-3t, 418-3t, 419-3t, 420-3t, 421-3t, 422-3t, 423-3t, 424-3t, 425-3t, 426-3t, 427-3t, 428-3t, 429-3t, 430-3t, 431-3t, 432-3t, 433-3t, 434-3t, 435-3t, 436-3t, 437-3t, 438-3t, 439-3t, 440-3t, 441-3t, 442-3t, 443-3t, 444-3t, 445-3t, 446-3t, 447-3t, 448-3t, 449-3t, 450-3t, 451-3t, 452-3t, 453-3t, 454-3t, 455-3t, 456-3t, 457-3t, 458-3t, 459-3t, 460-3t, 461-3t, 462-3t, 463-3t, 464-3t, 465-3t, 466-3t, 467-3t, 468-3t, 469-3t, 470-3t, 471-3t, 472-3t, 473-3t, 474-3t, 475-3t, 476-3t, 477-3t, 478-3t, 479-3t, 480-3t, 481-3t, 482-3t, 483-3t, 484-3t, 485-3t, 486-3t, 487-3t, 488-3t, 489-3t, 490-3t, 491-3t, 492-3t, 493-3t, 494-3t, 495-3t, 496-3t, 497-3t, 498-3t, 499-3t, 500-3t, 501-3t, 502-3t, 503-3t, 504-3t, 505-3t, 506-3t, 507-3t, 508-3t, 509-3t, 510-3t, 511-3t, 512-3t, 513-3t, 514-3t, 515-3t, 516-3t, 517-3t, 518-3t, 519-3t, 520-3t, 521-3t, 522-3t, 523-3t, 524-3t, 525-3t, 526-3t, 527-3t, 528-3t, 529-3t, 530-3t, 531-3t, 532-3t, 533-3t, 534-3t, 535-3t, 536-3t, 537-3t, 538-3t, 539-3t, 540-3t, 541-3t, 542-3t, 543-3t, 544-3t, 545-3t, 546-3t, 547-3t, 548-3t, 549-3t, 550-3t, 551-3t, 552-3t, 553-3t, 554-3t, 555-3t, 556-3t, 557-3t, 558-3t, 559-3t, 560-3t

Marriage of the Midgits.

Mrs. Charles S. Stratton, known better to the world as Mrs. Gen. Tom Thumb, the relic of the famous dwarf who was at one time the wonder of two continents, yesterday assumed for the second time the ties of marriage, being united in wedlock to the Count Primo Magri, of Italy, a gentleman of about her own dimensions, who has won some distinction in the variety shows of America since he left his native country. The couple have been engaged for several months, and it was their intention to have the marriage ceremony as quiet as possible until Phineas Taylor Barnum came into the ring.

Mr. Barnum, ascertaining that the little people were engaged, at once offered Mrs. Thumb and the Count an engagement at the Great Moral Show. The Count refused either to go upon exhibition himself before marriage or to allow his prospective bride to do so; but he forgot to take into consideration the fact that Mrs. Thumb has a mind of her own, and is possessed of decision of character in inverse ratio to her size. Mrs. Thumb did go on exhibition, and the Count came to New York, from his home in Philadelphia, to dance attendance upon her during her engagement at Madison-Square Garden. Mrs. Thumb took apartments at the Continental Hotel, and here the little people were to be seen daily, and it was a funny sight to see the little people sitting together upon a big sofa, with their feet sticking out straight before them.

When it became known to the public that Mrs. Thumb was to be married again on an onslaught was at once begun upon Mr. Barnum and his partners, Messrs. Bailey and Hutchinson, for permission to see the ceremony, and for a time their lives were miserable. There were so many applications of this nature that it was finally decided to have the wedding take place quietly in church and admit only invited guests and those only by ticket. Straightway there arose a demand for these tickets, and speculators offered to purchase an unlimited number of Barnum, Bailey & Hutchinson at \$5 apiece to supply the demand, upon them, but the line was not obtained for money. A list was made out of a sufficient number to comfortably fill the Church of the Holy Trinity, where the ceremony was to take place, and no others were given tickets, though there were many applications.

The ceremony took place at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and two hours before this time a crowd had begun to gather before the church. At 2 o'clock the throng was so dense in Forty-second street and Madison-avenue that traffic was obstructed and almost absolutely shut off until Inspector Dilks appeared on the scene with 50 policemen and arranged a passage for street cars, omnibuses, and other vehicles. The crowd was almost made up of women and girls. By 2:30 o'clock all the seats in the body of the church and the galleries were filled, and long lines of guests began to form in the aisles and along the walls. The assemblage was almost entirely made up of ladies. The pulpit, altar, and chancel were covered with flowers and potted plants. A semicircle of palms extended about the rear of the platform and was filled in with floral designs and cut flowers, while a wedding bed of white roses hung from the desk.

A few minutes before 3 o'clock a carriage rolled up before the church door, and there were tremendous cheering from the crowd as the bridegroom descended the steps, accompanied by his fiancée's bridesmaid, Miss Lucy Adams, who is no larger than Mrs. Thumb, and looked very sweet and pretty in her costume of white silk. Count Magri wore a correct wedding costume, and the little couple fairly beamed with pleasure as he strutted up the steps and walked down the centre aisle. He took a seat with Miss Adams before the altar, and five minutes later there were sounds of uproarious applause in the street, and Mrs. Thumb, or Mrs. Stratton, entered upon the arm of Major Newell, husband of Mrs. Stratton's sister, the little Minnie Warren. Major Newell was only half a head taller than Mrs. Stratton, and the guests in the church were obliged to stand upon their seats to see the little people go down the aisle. The Rev. Dr. Wilbur F. Watkins, in his robes of office, was waiting for them, and he walked out before the altar to meet them. The Count sat down from his seat, and with Miss Adams he walked up before the minister behind Mrs. Stratton and Major Newell. There was a solemn hush as the bridesmaid and best man stood aside and Dr. Watkins read the Episcopal marriage service, the Count putting the tiny ring upon his bride's finger with affectionate devotion. As soon as the sentence of the clergyman made them man and wife Count Magri threw his arms about her neck and kissed her, and then the little couple stood up and kissed the little bride.

The crowd was still in waiting outside of the church when the newly married pair came forth to enter their carriage, and they followed the vehicle to the Murray Hill Hotel, where the reception was held.

The Count Magri and his bride will make a wedding tour to Madison Square Garden, where they will remain until the close of the circus performance, and then make a trip to Europe. The Countess Magri's previous marriage was a romantic one, as Commodore Nutt was a formidable rival of Gen. Thumb, both gentlemen and the lady being then on exhibition at Barnum's old museum, at Broadway and Ann street. The General finally won her love, and their marriage at Grace Church in February, 1863, was one of the sensations of the time. A crowd so dense thronged Broadway that the thoroughfare was impassable from Union square to Eighth street, and when the couple went to the Metropolitan Hotel for their reception another throng blocked the street there, and created so much disturbance that they were dispersed by the police. At this wedding there were Governors of several States present, and many members of Congress and other prominent public men.—N. Y. Times.

The Russian General Komaroff attacked the Afghans on the 30th ult., the Afghans were defeated with a loss of 500 men and all their artillery; the Russians lost small; the news created great excitement, being regarded as a declaration of war.

The New Road Law.

The matter of working the roads is very important, and therefore it will be of interest to our readers to become acquainted with the provisions of the act of the last Legislature concerning the same. The counties embraced are Wake, Chatham, Franklin, Vance, Cumberland, Harnett, Alamance, Person, Caswell, Wilson, Edgecombe, Martin, Hertford, Washington, Surry, Guilford, Davie, Rowan, Yadkin, Lincoln, Polk, Madison and Henderson. The counties of Durham, Orange, Granville and Mecklenburg have the law without submitting it to the justices for acceptance. The justices in each township are incorporated into the board of township justices and have the supervision and control of the roads and ferries and bridges in their township. They shall examine the roads, etc., twice a year and make a written report to the Judge of the Superior Court, who shall transmit it to the solicitor for his action. All able-bodied men between 18 and 45 are liable to four days' service on the roads, but may be excused on the payment of \$3. Persons who, being warned, fail to attend, or who attend and fail to work, are liable to a forfeit of \$1 for each offense and shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, fined \$5 or imprisoned five days. All moneys so collected shall be for the benefit of the roads. The township trustees are to furnish plows, scrapers and other tools. The commissioners and board of justices of the peace are to levy at the June session of their board annually for road purposes not less than seven-tenths of a mill, nor more than two mills on the dollar, and the chairman of the county commissioners shall place the same on the tax list. If the trustees of any township shall deem an additional road tax necessary, they shall determine the percentage to be levied upon the taxable property of their respective townships, and shall certify the same in writing to the boards of county commissioners and justices of the peace at their June session, who may levy a special tax, not exceeding one mill on the dollar, and the commissioners and justices may levy and assess the same on the taxable property of the township, and the same shall be collected as other taxes, and paid out as hereinafter provided.

Section 19. Any person charged with a road may discharge the same by labor on the public highways within the district where the same is charged, within the time designated in this act, at the rate of one dollar per day and a ratable allowance per day for any team, implements, costs, &c.

The above suffices to give a general idea of the new law, which provides for the maintenance of the roads by a continuation of work and taxation. As it is something new we hope it will prove to be a wise innovation—one of those departures from the old ways which are in the line of true progress and that will come to be a real benefit to the people and the State.—Evening Visitor.

THE MULE IN WARFARE.—It is announced that the British Government is discussing the wisdom of buying American mules for use in Afghanistan in case of war with Russia.

In the Egyptian campaign mules would prove an invaluable weapon. The Arabs under Osman Digna have no artillery, and their tactics are always offensive, and usually extremely so. In the battles that the British have fought with the Arabs the latter have uniformly attacked the former, and although the assaults have often been repulsed, there has always been great danger that the British square would be broken. The Arabs hurl themselves on their adversaries regardless of rifle bullet, and it has been necessary to repulse them with hand-to-hand fighting.

Now, if every British square were to be formed of mules, planted with their hind legs, it could never be broken, no matter how impetuous might be the Arab attack. The British soldiers could remain at their ease in the centre of the square and amuse themselves by watching the mules in the act of piling up their assailants. Not only would great quantities of Arabs be killed in their tracks, but those hurled into the air by upward kicks would produce confusion in the ranks by falling heavily on their comrades. In comparison with the heels of a regiment of mules the British bayonet would be a feeble weapon, and no square defended by a double row of mules would ever be broken.—New York Times.

TWENTY-THREE YEARS AFTER.—Twenty-three years ago Almond F. Ellington, a well-to-do farmer living near Rice's Depot, in Prince Edward county, Va., disappeared, and the only trace of him that could be discovered was his hat floating on a mill pond in the neighborhood of his home. Seven years later a negro, while poking in a pile of decayed logs on the Ellington farm, in search of a fugitive rabbit, discovered a skeleton, which was identified as that of the missing man by means of a ring on the little finger and gold pins in the teeth. A few weeks ago, on the southern border of Texas, a gentleman overheard three negroes talking. One of them, in relating his history to his companions, said he had murdered a man in Prince Edward county, Va., early in the war. His knowledge of these particulars induced the gentleman to write to the clerk of Prince Edward county about the matter. An investigation followed, and as its result the negro, Crawford Jetter, a runaway slave of Ellington, is under arrest and en route to Prince Edward county to be tried for the murder of master in 1862.

The Weldon News says: On Monday last week, Mr. J. F. Williams, of Greenville county, discovered two of his hogs dead but could find no reason for it. On Tuesday two more of his hogs were found dead, and Mr. Williams saw the tracks of an animal in the snow and followed them about half a mile, when he found a large black tiger asleep under a tree. He went home for his gun and dogs and returned. The tiger had gotten in the tree. Mr. Williams fired and wounded him and he fell to the ground, when a fight ensued with the dogs. A negro then killed the tiger with an axe. He was a large specimen, measuring eight feet from tip of tip to tip. The skin was taken home by Mr. Williams and stuffed. No one knows how long he had been in the neighborhood nor where he came from.

Twelve Good Maxims.

THE ADVICE WHICH MR. PHELPS GAVE A REPUBLICAN CONGRESSMAN.

When the Hon. John W. Stewart, of Middlebury, had just taken his seat in the lower house of Congress as the representative of the First Vermont District in December, 1883, he received a letter of satirical good advice from a distinguished Vermont Democrat, who had long been a personal and professional friend of the new Republican Congressman. The letter was passed around at the time among some of Mr. Stewart's friends in both houses of Congress, and was received with much favor by these latter statesmen. The letter is of public interest now from the fact that the distinguished Vermont Democrat who was its author is no other than the Hon. Edward J. Phelps, of Burlington, who has been appointed Minister to England. The body of the letter consists of the following maxims:

1. "Always vote in favor of a motion to adjourn. And if the period of adjournment is in question, vote for the longest time and the earliest day."

2. "Vote steadily against all other propositions whatsoever." (a) "There is already legislation enough for the next five hundred years." (b) "No honest man wants any more." (c) "Even unconstitutional bills for the further enlargement of the negro should form no exception to this rule."

3. "Make no speeches. Nobly attends to Congressional oratory when delivered. When printed nobody reads it, and it is a nuisance to the mails. I have had more than 4,000,000 such speeches sent me and never read one in my life."

4. "Do not allow yourself to be drawn into aspersions upon the memory of Guy Fawkes. He has been canonized by shallow men. History will in the end do justice. Before you have been long in Congress you will perceive that one such man now-a-days with better luck might do the country more service than a hundred Presidential candidates or Christian statesmen."

5. "Do not be seen much in public in the company of Republicans. Outside of New-England they are not, as a rule, savory. Some associations will be tolerated, though known to exist, when decently veiled. But there is no excuse for parading them in public."

6. "Practice rigid economy. The experience of the average Congressman shows that it is possible by judicious frugality to save about \$100,000 each session out of their salary. Thus the true patriot in standing by his country makes the country stand by him."

7. "Cultivate assiduously all newspaper correspondents. All there is of public life is what the papers say. And they will say anything that is made worth their while."

8. "Do not become a candidate for the Presidency. The idea that the country is anxious to elect you to that office is chimerical. Nor has the country anything to do with it except to vote as it is told."

9. "In case of doubt take the trick."

10. "Keep your nostrils open, your mouth shut, your head cool, and your feet warm. Avoid Congressional whisky, Bob Ingersoll, the game of poker, and the politics of the District of Columbia."

11. "Beware of statesmen with great moral ideas. You will find immoral ideas more honest as well as more interesting."

12. "Whatever happens do not relinquish hope. As Cicero observed, *nil desperandum*—do not despair. You have been a respected member of the opposition county bar. Resolve to regain that position. Live for the future and live down the present."

POSTAL REDUCTION.—Quite a number of newspapers congratulate the people on the "reduction" of letter postage to take effect on July 1. Is it a reduction of postage, a reduction of postage in which the people have interest, to fix the unit of weight for a single postage rate on letters at one ounce, instead of one-half ounce as at present? That is to say, to establish two cents per ounce or fraction thereof as the rate of postage on letters, instead of two cents per half ounce, the present rate? The average weight of letters sent by mail is less than one-third of an ounce, and the alleged reduction will profit only banks, wholesale merchants, insurance companies, lawyers, &c., who use the mails for the transmission of heavy inclosures, while farmers, retail dealers, small manufacturers, and the multitude whose correspondence is exclusively of a social nature, and whose letters, as a rule, consist of a single sheet of paper, will derive no benefit from the reduction. The change will in no wise affect the great mass of letter writers. It will cause no increase in the volume of first-class matter, and will therefore inevitably diminish the postal revenue, and to that extent add to the taxation of the poor and of people of moderate means for the benefit of their wealthier fellow-citizens.—Raleigh Register.

THE SUN FLOWER.—The much derided sunflower is coming to the front as a valuable farm product. It has of late figured much as the emblem of aestheticism and as the especial symbol of the disciples of Oscar Wilde. Young maidens have labored under the burthen as the monstrous badge of beauty, and the bigger it was the happier they were. But now that its day as an ornament is on the wane it is rising in the scale of the useful and practical. Farmers are advised to grow it profusely about tenant houses, fences and waste places both for its hygienic quality and its market value. It is regarded as preventive of malarial diseases, absorbing as it does, noxious gases. It is a sure cure for founders in horses, and is the best food for fowls. Of its commercial value, the Maryland Farmer says, it is only necessary to refer to the market quotations to prove it highly valuable as a crop, being bought by oil manufacturers, who make luscious oils from it for salads, etc., equaling Lucerne's oil. But above all the stalks of fire wood, exceeding in heat and brightness both wood and coal, and lasting nearly as long for bulk as oak or hickory. It seems under all circumstances that this plant should not be neglected in the general culture of every farm. It is easily grown, and requires but little working, while it is not so exhaustive as not likely to be condemned on that account.

The Superior Courts Under the new Arrangement.

Fall Terms, 1885.

Raleigh News and Observer.
First District—Judge Shepard
Curtis—September 7, one week.
Curtis—September 14, one week.
Pasquotank—September 21, one week.
Perquimans—September 28, one week.
Chowan—October 5, one week.
Gates—October 12, one week.
Hertford—Oct. 19, one week; Dec. 21, one week.
Washington—Oct. 26, one week; Dec. 14, one week.
Tyrrell—November 3, one week.
Dare—November 9, one week.
Hyde—November 16, one week.
Pamlico—November 23, one week.
Beaufort—November 30, two weeks.

Second District—Judge Phillips.
Warren—September 21, two weeks.
Northampton—October 5, two weeks.
Edgecombe—October 19, two weeks.
Bertie—November 2, two weeks.
Halifax—November 16, two weeks.
Craven—November 30, two weeks.
Third District—Judge Connor.
Franklin—Aug. 17, one week; Nov. 16, one week.
Martin—Sept. 7, two weeks; Dec. 7, two weeks, for civil cases and jail cases only.
Pitt—Sept. 21, two weeks.
Greene—Oct. 5, two weeks.
Vance—Oct. 19, two weeks.
Wilson—Nov. 2, two weeks.
Nash—Nov. 23, two weeks.

Fourth District—Judge Wake.
Wake—July 13, two weeks, criminal cases only; Aug. 31, two weeks, civil cases only; Sept. 25, two weeks, criminal; Oct. 26, three weeks, civil cases only.
Wayne—July 27, two weeks, civil and criminal; Sept. 14, two weeks, civil cases only; Oct. 19, one week, civil cases only.
Harnett—Aug. 10, one week, civil and criminal.
Johnston—Aug. 17, two weeks, civil and criminal.

Fifth District—Judge Gilmer.
Orange—Aug. 10, one week; Nov. 9, one week.
Caswell—Aug. 17, one week; Nov. 16, one week.
Person—Aug. 24, one week; Nov. 23, one week.
Guilford—Aug. 31, two weeks; Dec. 14, two weeks.
Granville—Sept. 14, two weeks; Nov. 30, two weeks.
Alamance—September 28, one week.
Durham—October 5, two weeks.
Durham—October 19, two weeks.

Sixth District—Judge McKoy.
Sampson—Aug. 17, one week; Nov. 2, one week.
Lenoir—Aug. 24, two weeks; Nov. 16, two weeks.
Duplin—Sept. 7, one week; Nov. 30, two weeks.
Pender—September 14, one week.
New Hanover—Oct. 2, two weeks, for civil cases.
Carteret—October 26, one week.
Onslow—November 9, one week.

Seventh District—Judge McRae.
Cumberland—July 27, one week; Nov. 9, one week, for criminal cases only; Nov. 16, two weeks, for civil cases.
Columbus—August 2, one week.
Moore—Aug. 17, two weeks; Dec. 7, two weeks.
Robeson—Aug. 31, two weeks; Oct. 12, two weeks.
Anson, Sept. 14, one week, for criminal cases; Nov. 30, one week, civil cases.
Brunswick, September 21, one week.
Richmond, Sept. 28, two weeks; Dec. 21, one week.
Bladen, October 26, two weeks.

Eighth District—Judge Montgomery.
Iredell, Aug. 10, two weeks; Nov. 9, two weeks.
Rowan, Aug. 24, two weeks; Nov. 23, two weeks.
Davidson, Sept. 6, two weeks; Dec. 7, one week.
Randolph, September 21, two weeks.
Montgomery, October 5, two weeks.
Stanly, Nov. 9, two weeks.
Catawba, Nov. 2, one week, for criminal cases and non jury civil cases.

Ninth District—Judge Graves.
Rockingham, July 27, two weeks; Nov. 9, one week.
Stokes, Aug. 10, two weeks; Nov. 16, one week.
Surry, Aug. 24, two weeks; Nov. 23, one week.
Alleghany, September 7, one week.
Yadkin, September 14, two weeks.
Yadkin, September 28, two weeks.
Davie, October 12, two weeks.
Forsyth, October 26, two weeks.

Tenth District—Judge Avery.
Henderson, July 20, three weeks.
Burke, August 10, two weeks.
Ashe, August 24, one week.
Watauga, August 31, one week.
Caldwell, September 7, one week.
Mitchell, September 14, two weeks.
Yancey, September 28, two weeks.
McDowell, October 12, two weeks.

Eleventh District—Judge Shipp.
Alexander, July 27, one week.
Catawba, August 3, one week.
Cleveland, August 10, two weeks; Oct. 26, one week.
Mecklenburg, August 31, three weeks; civil cases only.
Union, September 21, two weeks.
Lincoln, October 5, one week.
Gaston, October 12, two weeks.
Rutherford, November 2, two weeks.
Polk, November 16, one week.

Twelfth District—Judge Grader.
Madison, August 3, two weeks; November 23, two weeks; civil cases.
Buncombe, August 17, three weeks; December 7, two weeks.
Transylvania, September 7, one week.
Haywood, September 14, two weeks.
Jackson, September 28, one week.
Macon, October 5, one week.
Clay, October 12, one week.
Cherokee, October 19, two weeks.
Graham, November 2, one week.
Swain, November 9, two weeks.

COTTON PLANTERS.

I HAVE THE AGENCY FOR BOTH COX'S AND EELPSE

Cotton Planters
in this market, and offer them at manufacturer's price. These Planters are conceded to be best sold in the State, and those in need will do well to call and examine before buying elsewhere. A full stock of various brands of Fertilizers still on hand.
In addition I beg to call attention to my large stock of

GROCERIES, WAGONS, Plows, and General Supplies.

I invite your special attention to the merits of the

Tennessee Wagon
and
Boy Dixie Plow.

The one almost indispensable from the other where a reliable Wagon or Plow is desired. While I do not profess to be a "Tender" or "Headquarters" in any particular line that I advertise, yet results show that I am neither slow to appreciate the merits of reliable goods, or behind others in their sales. And such articles as are usually kept in a first class Grocery or Commission House I have always in stock, and will be pleased to see or quote you prices.

Respectfully,
R. M. NIMOCKS.

CONDENSED TIME TABLE NO. II.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

To take effect at 8:00 A. M., Monday, January 19th, 1885.

TRAIN NORTH.
ARRIVE. LEAVE.
Bennettsville, 9:37 a. m. 8:00 a. m.
Shoe Heel, 12:10 p. m. 1:00 p. m.
Fayetteville, 3:29 " 3:25 "
Ore Hill, 4:33 " 4:30 "
Liberty, 5:31 " 5:30 "
Greensboro, 7:40 " 7:40 "

TRAIN SOUTH.
ARRIVE. LEAVE.
Greensboro, 10:55 a. m. 11:40 a. m.
Ore Hill, 11:59 " 12:05 "
Shoe Heel, 1:16 p. m. 1:36 p. m.
Fayetteville, 3:45 " 4:00 "
Bennettsville, 6:15 " 6:40 "

50 minutes for dinner at Sanford.
JAS. S. MORRISON, Gen'l Supt.
JNO. M. ROSE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
Jan. 15, 1885.

Express Steamboat Co. and Steamer Wave.

STEAMER SCHEDULE
(N and after April 1st and until further notice the Steamer D. Marchion, Capt. J. C. Smith, will leave Fayetteville every Monday and Friday at 7 o'clock A. M. and Wilmington every Wednesday and Saturday at 2 P. M.
Steamer Wave, Capt. W. A. Robeson will leave Fayetteville every Wednesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock A. M. and Wilmington Monday and Thursday at 2 o'clock P. M.
A. B. WILLIAMS & Co., Agents Fayetteville, N. C., 831

J. E. GARRETT, Book and Job Printer, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Solicits orders for Pamphlet Work, General Letter Press Printing, Blankets of all kinds, and every description of printing. 41st

A. E. RANKIN & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,
Keep everything usually found in a First-Class Grocery. ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. 121

Lumber! Lumber! Lumber!
I AM NOW READY TO FILL ORDERS for Lumber in any quantity, size or shape, cut from the very best of timber.
Orders left with Walter Watson, my agent Fayetteville, will have prompt attention.
JAMES D. WORRELL, Jan. 30, 1884.

THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.
OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.
Office North-east corner Market Square. 2-11

Merchant Mills.
The Old Reliable again to the Front!

IN STOCK and to arrive, all kinds of GRAIN. I With a double set of Burrs I am able to turn out a large quantity of Meal per day and can thus offer special inducements to buyers of Ground Flour.
Flouring Mill in first-class order.
Feed Meal—corn, peas and oats—Cracked Corn and Oats, Bran, &c., a specialty.
Baled Meal, same price as unbaled.
THE PLACE to get your Wood Charred or Cotton Ginned.
JAS. D. MCNEILL, 64-1y
Fayetteville, April 23, 1884.

The Harbert Telephone
(FOR PRIVATE LINES.)
Sold outright. No renting. Just the thing for use in mines or mining districts. Pat. Nov. 30, 1880. Late improvements. Send for descriptive circular.
D. W. TOWNSEND, Gen'l Agent for Robeson, Richmond and Cumberland Counties, Red Banks, N. C. Jan 22 1885. 102-6m

ST. NICHOLAS

FOR YOUNG FOLKS.

Attractions for 1884-5.
NO printed periodical can take the place of a rent, pastor, or school-teacher; but a good magazine can supplement their work and induce to a wonderful degree. In view of this, it is not too much to say that—instead of "Can we afford to take St. Nicholas?"—the question of every earnest household in English-speaking countries, to-day, should be, "Can we afford not to take St. Nicholas?"
The magazine, during its eleven happy years of existence, under the editorial charge of

MARY MAPES DODGE,
has grown familiar to hundreds of thousands of young readers; and their interest and intelligent enjoyment have constantly inspired the editor and publishers to fresh effort. To-day, its strength is in its wholesome growth, its sympathy with young life, its hearty recognition of the movement of events, and its steadily increasing literary and pictorial resources. The following are some of the good things already secured for future numbers of ST. NICHOLAS.

"His One Fault," a serial story for boys, by the popular author, J. T. Bowdler.
"Personally Conducted," illustrated papers on famous places in Europe, by Frank R. Stockton.
"Historic Girls," a companion series to "Historic Boys," by E. S. Brooks.
"Ready for Business," suggestions to boys about to choose an occupation, based on personal interviews with prominent representatives of various trades and professions. By G. J. Mason.
"Headquarters" in any particular line that I advertise, yet results show that I am neither slow to appreciate the merits of reliable goods, or behind others in their sales. And such articles as are usually kept in a first class Grocery or Commission House I have always in stock, and will be pleased to see or quote you prices.
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MOTHER'S FRIEND

No More Terror!

No More Pain!
No More Danger!
Mother or Child.
The Dread of MOTHERHOOD Transformed to HOPE AND JOY.

Safety and Ease to Suffering Women.
A prominent physician lately remarked to the proprietor, that if he were admissible to make public the letters we receive, the "Mother's Friend" would outstrip anything on the subject of the safety and ease of the mother in a condition of pregnancy, and that it would be a case of it will of course be from the mother's side, and not from the child's. The letters we receive are so full of praise for the "Mother's Friend" that we cannot but feel that it is a case of it will of course be from the mother's side, and not from the child's. The letters we receive are so full of praise for the "Mother's Friend" that we cannot but feel that it is a case of it will of course be from the mother's side, and not from the child's.

H. J. HOLMES, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.
Send for our Treatise on "Health and Happiness of Woman," mailed free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

THE CENTURY
In 1885.
A GREAT ENTERPRISE.

PAPERS ON THE CIVIL WAR.

The important feature of THE CENTURY MAGAZINE for the coming year—holdings the most important ever undertaken by the magazine.

—will be a series of separate papers on the great events of the War for the Union, written by the great officers high in command, and the Federal and the Confederate sides. General Sherman (who writes of Vicks